Uniform Mitigation Verification Inspection Form

Maintain a copy of this form and any documentation provided with the insurance policy

Inspection Date: 2/18/2020									
Owner Information									
	Name: Par 4 Association	Contact Person:							
	: 4198 27th Ct SW				Home Phone:				
City: Na	-	Zip: 34116		Work Phone:					
County:				Cell Phone:					
	ce Company:			Policy #:					
Year of	Home: 1985	# of Stories: 2	of Stories: 2		Email:				
NOTE: Any documentation used in validating the compliance or existence of each construction or mitigation attribute must accompany this form. At least one photograph must accompany this form to validate each attribute marked in questions 3 though 7. The insurer may ask additional questions regarding the mitigated feature(s) verified on this form.									
the I	Building Code: Was the structure built in compliance with the Florida Building Code (FBC 2001 or later) OR for homes located in the HVHZ (Miami-Dade or Broward counties), South Florida Building Code (SFBC-94)?  A. Built in compliance with the FBC: Year Built For homes built in 2002/2003 provide a permit application with a date after 3/1/2002: Building Permit Application Date (MMDD/YYYY)								
	provide a permit application with a date after 9/1/1994: Building Permit Application Date (MM/DD/YYYY)								
OR '	. Roof Covering: Select all roof covering types in use. Provide the permit application date OR FBC/MDC Product Approval numbe OR Year of Original Installation/Replacement OR indicate that no information was available to verify compliance for each roof covering identified.								
	2.1 Roof Covering Type:	Permit Application Date	FBC or MDC Product Approval #	Year of Original Installation or Replacement	No Information Provided for Compliance				
	Asphalt/Fiberglass Shingle								
	2. Concrete/Clay Tile	8/12/2019		<del></del>	$\overline{\Box}$				
	3. Metal								
	블	0/40/0040			님				
	4. Built Up	8/12/2019			$\sqcup$				
	5. Membrane 6. Other								
		All roof coverings listed above meet the FBC with a FBC or Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of callation OR have a roofing permit application date on or after 3/1/02 OR the roof is original and built in 2004 or later.							
	B. All roof coverings have a Miami-Dade Product Approval listing current at time of installation OR (for the HVHZ only roofing permit application after 9/1/1994 and before 3/1/2002 OR the roof is original and built in 1997 or later.								
	C. One or more roof covering	s do not meet the requirement	nts of Answer "A" or	"B".					
	D. No roof coverings meet the	e requirements of Answer "A	A" or "B".						
3. <b>Roo</b>	f Deck Attachment: What is	the weakest form of roof de	ck attachment?						
A. Plywood/Oriented strand board (OSB) roof sheathing attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24" is by staples or 6d nails spaced at 6" along the edge and 12" in the fieldOR- Batten decking supporting wood shake shinglesOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that has an mean uplift less than that required for Options B or C below.									
	B. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maxim 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 12" inches in the fieldOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhe other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent or greater resistance than 8d nails s a maximum of 12 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least 103 psf.								
	C. Plywood/OSB roof sheath 24"inches o.c.) by 8d commo decking with a minimum of 2 Any system of screws, nails,	eldOR- Dimensional lumb I is equal to or less than 6 in	er/Tongue & Groove ches in width)OR-						
Inspectors Initials RM Property Address 4198 27th Ct SW									

\*This verification form is valid for up to five (5) years provided no material changes have been made to the structure. OIR-B1-1802 (Rev. 01/12) Adopted by Rule 69O-170.0155 Page 1 of 4

	or greater resi	istance than 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least					
	D. Reinforced Concrete Roof Deck.						
	E. Other:						
	F. Unknown	F. Unknown or unidentified.					
	G. No attic a	ccess.					
	et of the inside	<b>achment:</b> What is the <b>WEAKEST</b> roof to wall connection? (Do not include attachment of hip/valley jacks within e or outside corner of the roof in determination of WEAKEST type)					
Ш	A. Toe Nails						
		Truss/rafter anchored to top plate of wall using nails driven at an angle through the truss/rafter and attached to the top plate of the wall, or					
	Ш	Metal connectors that do not meet the minimal conditions or requirements of B, C, or D					
Mir	nimal conditio	ons to qualify for categories B, C, or D. All visible metal connectors are:					
		Secured to truss/rafter with a minimum of three (3) nails, and					
		Attached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap from the blocking or truss/rafter <b>and</b> blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, <b>and</b> free of visible severe corrosion.					
	B. Clips						
		Metal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, or					
		Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the nai position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.					
Ш	C. Single Wr	Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a					
		minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.					
	D. Double W	Vraps Vraps					
		Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, <b>or</b>					
		Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of three nails on each side.					
	<ul><li>E. Structural</li><li>F. Other:</li></ul>	Anchor bolts structurally connected or reinforced concrete roof.					
	G. Unknown	or unidentified					
	H. No attic a	ccess					
5. <b>Roo</b>	of Geometry:	What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carports that are attached only to the fascia or wall of					
the	host structure	over unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry classification).					
	A. Hip Roof	Hip roof with no other roof shapes greater than 10% of the total roof system perimeter.					
	B. Flat Roof						
	C. Other Roo	less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12 sq ft; Total roof area sq ft of Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.					
6. <u>Sec</u>	A. SWR (also sheathing dwelling f B. No SWR.	r Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayments or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR) o called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.  or undetermined.					
Ш							
Inspect	tors Initials <u>F</u>	Property Address 4198 27th Ct SW					
*This v	verification fo	rm is valid for up to five (5) years provided no material changes have been made to the structure or					

<sup>\*</sup>This verification form is valid for up to five (5) years provided no material changes have been made to the structure or inaccuracies found on the form.

7. **Opening Protection:** What is the **weakest** form of wind borne debris protection installed on the structure? **First**, use the table to determine the weakest form of protection for each category of opening. Second, (a) check one answer below (A, B, C, N, or X) based upon the lowest protection level for ALL Glazed openings and (b) check the protection level for all Non-Glazed openings (.1, .2, or .3) as applicable. Non-Glazed **Opening Protection Level Chart Glazed Openings** Openings Place an "X" in each row to identify all forms of protection in use for each Windows opening type. Check only one answer below (A thru X), based on the weakest Glass Entry Garage Garage or Entry Skylights form of protection (lowest row) for any of the Glazed openings and indicate **Doors Block Doors Doors Doors** the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for Non-Glazed openings. Not Applicable- there are no openings of this type on the structure Α Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (9-lb for windows doors/4.5 lb for skylights) В Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (4-8 lb for windows doors/2 lb for skylights) c Verified plywood/OSB meeting Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007 Verified Non-Glazed Entry or Garage doors indicating compliance with ASTM E D 330, ANSI/DASMA 108, or PA/TAS 202 for wind pressure resistance Opening Protection products that appear to be A or B but are not verified Ν Other protective coverings that cannot be identified as A, B, or C No Windborne Debris Protection Х A. Exterior Openings Cyclic Pressure and 9-lb Large Missile (4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as wind borne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level A in the table above). Miami-Dade County PA 201, 202, and 203 Florida Building Code Testing Application Standard (TAS) 201, 202, and 203 American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 Southern Standards Technical Document (SSTD) 12 For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 For Garage Doors Only: ANSI/DASMA 115 ▲A.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist A.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above A.3 One or More Non-Glazed Openings is classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above B. Exterior Opening Protection- Cyclic Pressure and 4 to 8-lb Large Missile (2-4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected, at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as windborne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level B in the table above): ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile – 4.5 lb.) SSTD 12 (Large Missile – 4 lb. to 8 lb.) For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile - 2 to 4.5 lb.) B.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A or B in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist B.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above B.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level C, N, or X in the table above C. Exterior Opening Protection- Wood Structural Panels meeting FBC 2007 All Glazed openings are covered with plywood/OSB meeting the requirements of Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007 (Level C in the table above). C.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A, B, or C in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist C.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level N or X in the table above C.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level N or X in the table above 4198 27th Ct SW Inspectors Initials \_\_\_\_\_ Property Address\_

<sup>\*</sup>This verification form is valid for up to five (5) years provided no material changes have been made to the structure or inaccuracies found on the form.

protective coverings not me	eeting the requirements of An	nswer "A", "B", or C" or s	tation) All Glazed openings are protected with systems that appear to meet Answer "A" or "B"					
with no documentation of compliance (Level N in the table above).  N.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as Level A, B, C, or N in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist								
			Non-Glazed openings classified as Level X in the					
N.3 One or More Non-Glaz	zed openings is classified as Leve	el X in the table above						
X. None or Some Glazed	<b>Openings</b> One or more Glaze	ed openings classified and	Level X in the table above.					
	ION INSPECTIONS MUST B 11(2), Florida Statutes, provid							
Qualified Inspector Name:  John Ryan Mercer		License Type:	License or Certificate #: CGC1512462					
Inspection Company: DRH Inspections			Phone: 239-348-5172					
•	d an activa licanca ac ac	· (chock one)	200 040 0112					
Oualified Inspector — I hold an active license as a: (check one)  Home inspector licensed under Section 468.8314, Florida Statutes who has completed the statutory number of hours of hurricane mitigation training approved by the Construction Industry Licensing Board and completion of a proficiency exam.  Building code inspector certified under Section 468.607, Florida Statutes.  General, building or residential contractor licensed under Section 489.111, Florida Statutes.  Professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Florida Statutes.  Professional architect licensed under Section 481.213, Florida Statutes.  Any other individual or entity recognized by the insurer as possessing the necessary qualifications to properly complete a uniform mitigation verification form pursuant to Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes.  Individuals other than licensed contractors licensed under Section 489.111, Florida Statutes, or professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Florida Statues, must inspect the structures personally and not through employees or other persons. Licensees under s.471.015 or s.489.111 may authorize a direct employee who possesses the requisite skill, knowledge, and experience to conduct a mitigation verification inspection.  I, Ryan Mercer am a qualified inspector and I personally performed the inspection or (licensed (print name)  contractors and professional engineers only) I had my employee (Ryan Mercer performs the inspection (print name of inspector)  and I agree to be responsible for his/her work.  Qualified Inspector Signature:								
An individual or entity who knowingly or through gross negligence provides a false or fraudulent mitigation verification form is subject to investigation by the Florida Division of Insurance Fraud and may be subject to administrative action by the appropriate licensing agency or to criminal prosecution. (Section 627.711(4)-(7), Florida Statutes) The Qualified Inspector who certifies this form shall be directly liable for the misconduct of employees as if the authorized mitigation inspector personally								
performed the inspection.			g peanway					
Homeowner to complete: I ce residence identified on this form a			nployee did perform an inspection of the ny Authorized Representative.					
Signature: Date:								
An individual or entity who knowingly provides or utters a false or fraudulent mitigation verification form with the intent to obtain or receive a discount on an insurance premium to which the individual or entity is not entitled commits a misdemeanor of the first degree. (Section 627.711(7), Florida Statutes)								
The definitions on this form are for inspection purposes only and cannot be used to certify any product or construction feature as offering protection from hurricanes.								
Inspectors Initials RM Property Address 4198 27th Ct SW								
*This verification form is valid inaccuracies found on the form.		ided no material change	s have been made to the structure or					

OIR-B1-1802 (Rev. 01/12) Adopted by Rule 69O-170.0155

Page 4 of 4





















